

# **Technical Data Sheet - Planibel**

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# 1 INTRODUCTION

This Technical Datasheet gives information about the range of float glass Planibel: Planibel Clearlite, Planibel Clearvision, Planibel Linea Azzurra, Planibel Azur, Planibel Bronze, Planibel Dark Blue, Planibel Dark Grey, Planibel Green, Planibel Grey and Planibel Privablue. The data are also valid for Low- Carbon Planibel Clearlite.

These information's are related to stock sizes.

# 2 NORMATIVE REFERENCES

Planibel products conform to:

- ➤ EN 572-1 Glass in building Basic soda lime silicate glass products Part 1: Definitions and general physical and mechanical properties
- ➤ EN 572-2 Glass in building Basic soda lime silicate glass products Part 2: Float glass
- ➤ EN 572-9 Glass in building Basic soda lime silicate glass products Part 9: Evaluation of conformity/Product standard

All Planibel products are CE-marked following EN 572-9.

All Planibel products are produced in factories being ISO 9001 certified.

Also the Planibel products are Cradle to Cradle bronze certified.

# 3 COMPOSITION AND PROPERTIES OF THE FLOAT GLASS

The composition and main properties of the float glass are listed hereunder.

#### 3.1 CHEMICAL COMPOSITION

The EN 572-1 defines the magnitude of the proportions by mass of the principal constituents of float glass is as follows.



Constituents	Proportion by mass of element	
Silicon (Si)	32 % - 35 %	
Calcium (Ca)	3,5 % - 10,1 %	
Sodium (Na)	7,4 % - 11,9 %	
Magnesium (Mg)	0 % - 3,7 %	
Aluminium (Al)	0 % - 1,6 %	
Others <sup>a</sup>	< 5 %	
<sup>a</sup> properties other than photometric characteristics shall not be significantly altered by these other components		

#### 3.2 MECHANICAL PROPERTIES FOR SODA LIME SILICATE GLASS

- Pensity (at 18°C):  $ρ = 2 500 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- ➤ Hardness (Knoop): HK<sub>0,1/20</sub> 6 GPa <sup>a</sup>
- Young's Modulus (modulus of Elasticity):  $E = 70~000 \text{ N/mm}^2 (7 \text{ x } 10^{10} \text{ Pa})$
- Poisson Ratio:  $\mu = 0.2$
- ► Shear Modulus:  $G = E/[2(1+v)] \approx 29 \ 166 \ N/mm^2$
- ➤ Hardness (Mohs): 5-6
- Characteristic bending strength: f<sub>g,kk</sub> 45 N/mm<sup>2</sup>
   Resistance against temperature differential and sudden temperature change 40K<sup>b</sup>
- <sup>a</sup> Knoop Hardness in accordance with ISO 9385

#### 3.3 THERMAL PROPERTIES

- Softening temperature  $T_{so}$ :  $\approx 725 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$
- ► Working temperature  $T_w$ : ≈ 1030 °C
- Fusion temperature  $T_f \approx 1300$  °C to 1600 °C
- Linear expansion coefficient:  $\alpha = 9.10^{-6}$ /K (between 20° and 300°)
- Specific heat capacity: Cp = 720 J/(kg.K)
- Emissivity of glass without coating:
  - Normal emissivity  $\varepsilon_n = 0.89$
  - Corrected emissivity  $\varepsilon = 0.837$

### 3.4 OPTICAL PROPERTIES

- Refractive index N to visible radiation (380 to 780 nm):
  - air/glass: 0,67
  - glass/air: 1,50 at 589,3 nm

#### 3.5 ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES

- Specific resistance:  $5.10^7$  Ω.m at 1 000 Hz and 25°C
- ➤ Dielectric constant: 7,6 at 1 000 Hz and 25°C



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Generally accepted value that is influenced by edge quality and glass type

# 4 LIGHT, SOLAR AND THERMAL PROPERTIES

## 4.1 TOLERANCES ON LIGHT AND SOLAR PROPERTIES

The light and solar properties are calculated using spectral measurement that conforms with standards EN 410. The following properties are given:

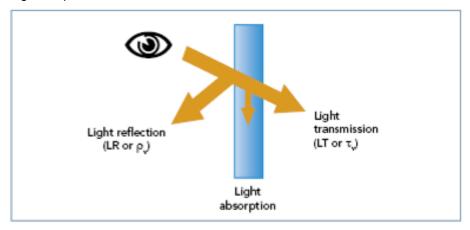
- $\triangleright$  LT ( $\tau_v$ ): Light transmission
- $\triangleright$  LR ( $\rho_v$ ): Light reflection
- $\blacktriangleright$  DET ( $\tau_e$ ): Direct energy transmission
- $\triangleright$  ER ( $\rho_e$ ): Energy reflection
- $\triangleright$  EA ( $\alpha_e$ ): Energy absorption external
- > SF (g): Solar factor
- > SC: Shading coefficient

The tolerances on the values LT, LR, DET, ER are  $\pm$  4.

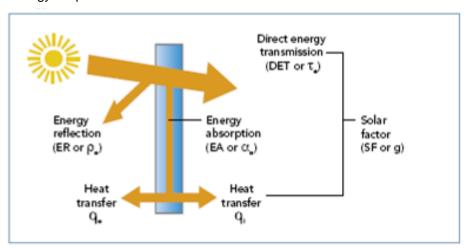
Notes: they are no direct tolerances on SF, SC and EA as these values are calculated from the previous ones.



**Light Properties** 



## **Energy Properties**



# 4.2 TOLERANCES ON THERMAL PROPERTIES

The thermal transmittance Ug  $(W/m^2K)$  is calculated according EN 673. The emissivity measurement complies with EN 673 and EN 12898.

Note: The normal emissivity for the Planibel product range is  $\varepsilon_n = 0.89$ .

# 4.3 PERFORMANCES OF PLANIBEL

The table lists the light, solar and thermal properties of the Planibel products of 6 mm thickness. For other thicknesses, see <u>AGC Glass Configurator</u>.



	$ au_{ m V}$	ρν	$ au_{ m e}$	$\rho_{e}$	SF	εn
6 mm Planibel Clearlite		8	85	8	86	0,89
6 mm Planibel Clearvision	92	8	90	8	91	0,89
6 mm Planibel Bronze	51	5	50	5	60	0,89
6 mm Planibel Green	73	7	45	5	57	0,89
6 mm Planibel Grey	43	5	44	5	56	0,89
6 mm Planibel Dark Grey	9	4	9	4	29	0,89
6 mm Planibel Azur	73	7	52	6	62	0,89
6 mm Planibel Dark Blue	58	6	41	5	53	0,89
6 mm Planibel Privablue	34	5	21	5	38	0,89
6 mm Planibel Linea Azzurra*	89	8	82	7	85	0,89

<sup>\*</sup>For comparison only. This product is available as from 8 mm.

For further information and data please refer to AGC Glass Configurator.

# 5 ACOUSTIC PROPERTIES

The table lists the direct airborne sound reduction indices.

	Rw (C, Ctr)	Rw + C	$Rw + C_{tr}$
3 mm	29 (-2, -5)	27	24
4 mm	30 (-2, -4)	28	26
5 mm	30 (-1, -2)	29	28
6 mm	31 (-2, -3)	29	28
8 mm	32 (-1, -2)	31	30
10 mm	34 (-2, -3)	32	31
12 mm	35 (-2, -3)	33	32



# 6 TOLERANCES ON DIMENSIONS

### **6.1 THICKNESS**

The actual thickness shall be the average of four measurements, taken to the nearest 0,01 mm, one taken at the center of each side.

The actual thickness rounded to the nearest 0,1mm shall not vary from the nominal thickness by more than the tolerances shown in the table (according to EN 572-2).

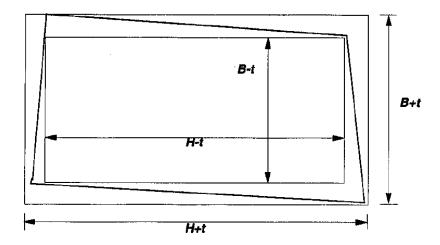
Table 1 — Tolerances on nominal thickness

Dimensions in millimetres

Nominal thickness	Tolerances
2	± 0,2
3	± 0,2
4	± 0,2
5	± 0,2
6	± 0,2
8	± 0,3
10	± 0,3
12	± 0,3
15	± 0,5
19	± 1,0
25	± 1,0

### **6.2 LENGTH AND WIDTH**

The tolerances t on nominal dimensions length H and width B are respectively  $\pm 3$  mm and  $\pm 2$  mm.





The limit of squareness is described by the difference between diagonals. The difference is maximum 5 mm.

# 7 QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

Some defects can appear in the float glass; to evaluate these defects, the following definitions, methods of measurement and acceptance levels apply.

#### 7.1 OPTICAL FAULTS

## 7.1.1 **DEFINITION**

**Optical faults**: faults which lead to distortions in the appearance of objects observed through the glass.

## 7.1.2 METHODS OF OBSERVATION AND MEASUREMENTS

See EN 572-2 § 5.2.1.

## 7.1.3 ACCEPTANCE LEVELS

When viewed under the conditions of observation in 5.2.1 the angle a at which there is no disturbing distortion shall not be less than the appropriate critical viewing angle given in the table.

Thickness	Angle α in Zone	Angle α in Zone
	D	d
	Degrees	degrees
2 mm	45	40
3 mm and greater	50	45

Theses values could be 5° lower if there are measured in the zone corresponding to 100mm from the edges parallel to the drawing line in a jumbo size.



### 7.2 VISUAL FAULTS: SPOT FAULTS & LINEAR/EXTENDED FAULTS

## 7.2.1 **DEFINITIONS**

**Visual faults**: faults which alter the visual quality of the glass. They are spot faults and linear/extended faults.

**Spot faults**: spot fault is a nucleus, which is sometimes accompanied by a halo of distorted glass. The dimension of a spot fault is measured accordingly to the annex A of EN572-2: 2012. The dimension of a spot fault comprising a nucleus with a halo is approximately obtained by multiplying the dimension of the nucleus by a factor of 3.

**Linear/extended faults**: Faults which can be on or in the glass, in the form of deposits, marks or scratches that occupy an extended length or area.

### 7.2.2 SPOT FAULTS

#### 7.2.2.1 METHODS OF OBSERVATION AND MEASURMENTS

The number and dimensions of the spot faults and relate to the four categories as shown in the table.

Category	Dimension of spot faults (mm)	
A	$> 0.6$ and $\le 1.5$	
В	$> 1,5 \text{ and } \le 3,0$	
С	$> 3.0 \text{ and } \le 9.0$	
D	> 9,0	

### 7.2.2.2 ACCEPTANCE LEVELS FOR STOCK SIZES (PLF)

The allowable numbers of the categories of faults for stock sizes (PLF) are shown in the following table.

The word "average" is intended to indicate a cumulative average over at least 20 tons.

Category	Average per pane	Maximum per pane
A	any number	any number
В	3	5
С	0,6	1
D	0,05	1, but faults that cause
		breakage are not allowed



#### 7.2.2.3 ACCEPTENCE LEVELS FOR STOCK SIZES (DLF)

The allowable numbers of the categories of faults for stock sizes (DLF) are shown in the following table. Average is intended to indicate a cumulative average over at least 20 tons.

Category	Average per 20m² (1 PLF)	Maximum in any pane
A	any number	any number
В	3	2
С	0,6	1
D	0.05	1, but faults that cause
		breakage are not allowed

## 7.2.3 LINEAR/EXTENDED FAULTS

## 7.2.3.1 METHODS OF OBSERVATION AND MEASURMENTS

The glass pane to be examined is illuminated in conditions approximating to diffuse daylight and is observed in front of a matt black screen (reflection coefficient between 0,2 and 0,4).

Place the pane of glass to be examined vertically in front of the screen and parallel to it. Arrange the point of observation 2 meter from the glass, keeping the direction of observation normal to the glass surface. View the pane of glass and note the presence of visually disturbing faults.

#### 7.2.3.2 ACCEPTANCE LEVELS

The allowable numbers of faults is an average of 0,05 faults in 20 m<sup>2</sup> of glass, related to at least 20 tons.

# 8 OTHER RELATED DOCUMENTS

Following documents are also available from www.agc-yourglass.com:

- ➤ Processing Guide https://www.agc-yourglass.com/en-BE/document-library
- ➤ Cleaning and Maintenance Guide for Façade glazing <a href="https://www.agc-yourglass.com/en-BE/document-library">https://www.agc-yourglass.com/en-BE/document-library</a>
- ➤ Glazing Instruction https://www.agc-yourglass.com/en-BE/document-library
- ➤ CE-Marking and Declaration of Performance at <a href="https://www.agc-yourglass.com/configurator/app/login?redirectTo=request">https://www.agc-yourglass.com/configurator/app/login?redirectTo=request</a>.

